Table of contents Instructions: W0010048 Product: NC alternator Part no.: 0 120 465 .. Special features 102/1 Structure, usage I08/1 I09/1 General information Safety measures I11/1 113/1 Testers, equipment, tools Test specifications I15/1 Tightening torques I16/1 Circuit diagram 117/1 Alternator disassembly/testing 125/1 table Component cleaning II24/1 II26/1 Alternator assembly table III12/1 Continue: I01/2

Table of contents

Editorial note

IV05/1

### Continue: I01/1

These instructions contain repair information and the corresponding test specifications for the following alternators

Part nos.:

Type:

0 120 465 ... 0 123 2.. ... 0 123 5.. ... NC R 14V 100A NC R 14V 120A NC R 14V 120A

#### Continue: I02/2

### SPECIAL FEATURES

Type:

NC	R	14V	60-	90A
NC	R	14V	45-1	140A
NC	R	14V	55-3	100A
NC	R	14V	60-1	110A
NC	R	14V	60-1	120A
NC	R	14V	60-3	130A
NC	R	14V	65-3	115A
NC	R	14V	65-3	130A
NC	R	14V	701	1154
NC	R	14V	70-3	120A
NC	R	14V	73-1	143A
NC	R	14V	90-1	150A
NC	R	28V	30-	65A
NC	R	28V	40-	90A

# Continue: I03/1

A02

NOTE: These repair instructions were compiled on the basis of the following alternators NC R 14V 70-120A Type: 0 123 510 033 Part no.: NC R 14V 90-150A Type: 0 123 520 010 Part no.: NC R 28V 40- 90A Type: 123 525 501 0 Part no.:

The different alternator versions can be seen from the corresponding parts lists.

#### Continue: 103/2

#### SPECIAL FEATURES

#### NOTE:

There are two types of rotor mounting in the drive end shield.

- Deep-groove ball bearing pressed into drive end shield, clearance fit on rotor shaft
- Deep-groove ball bearing pressed onto rotor shaft, clearance fit in drive end shield

The different versions can be seen from the appropriate parts lists.

#### Continue: I04/1

Alternators of this type are fitted with a monolith or multifunction regulator.

Multifunction regulators have the following features:

- Voltage actual value and excitation current via connection B+
- Pre-excitation clocked via B+
- Connection, terminal L (detection of ignition switch on, fault display)
- Load-response starting (no supply of current during and immediately after starting; optional)

Continue: I04/2

### SPECIAL FEATURES

- Load response/driving (power supply constantly increased via ramp; optional)
- Connection/DF monitor (evaluation of current alternator load; optional)
- Connection/terminal S (battery "Sense", voltage signal directly from battery; optional)
- Thermal regulation of regulator voltage (optional)

#### Continue: I05/1

NOTE:

If checking with oscilloscope reveals that rectifier unit is DK, it is not necessary to separate rectifier unit/ stator.

Never block far and pulley with a screwdriver or the like when dismantling or assembling. Bent or damaged fan blades will cause damage to the alternator.

#### Continue: I05/2

#### SPECIAL FEATURES

The entire assembly is geared to the alignment of the V-belt. Modifications or assembly errors can lead to damage.

## Continue: I06/1

The alternator housing is made of die-cast aluminum. Particular care is to be taken on dismantling and assembly as the housing is susceptible to damage. Deformation and surface damage may permanently impair the fit accuracy of the alternator components. This can result in damage to the alternator during operation.

Continue: I06/2

#### SPECIAL FEATURES

After performing repairs, the function of the alternator is to be checked on a suitable test bench.

#### Continue: I07/1

A06

SPECIAL FEATURES Explanatory notes on alternator labelling, e.g.: NC R 14V 70-120A N = SizeG = 100...109 mmK = 120...129 mmN = 130...142 mmC = Type of alternator1 = Claw-pole alternator 2 = Salient-pole alternator 3 = Windingless rotor alternator C = Compact alternator Continue: I07/2 SPECIAL FEATURES NC R 14V 70-120A R = Direction of rotation or R = Clockwise-> <- or L = Counter-clockwise <-> or RL = Clockwise and

14V = Alternator voltage in volts

```
70- = Rated current in A measured at
n = 1800 min-1
```

```
120A = Rated current in A measured at
n = 6000 min-1
```

Continue: I01/1

counter-clockwise

### STRUCTURE, USAGE

PC user prompting: Position cursor on button and confirm. Microcard user prompting: User prompting is provided on every page e.g.: - Continue: I 17/1 - Continue: II 18/1 Fig.: II 17/2 Brief instructions may include several rows of coordinates. I../. = first coordinate row II../. = second coordinate row III../. = third coordinate row etc. .../1 = upper coordinate half .../2 = lower coordinate half

Continue: 101/1

### GENERAL

Expert repairs are only possible using the prescribed tools and measuring instruments, which are in perfect working order. We therefore recommend that exclusive use be made of the tools listed.

The use of incorrect and unsuitable tools and testers can lead to injury and may damage the product concerned or its component parts.

#### Continue: I09/2

#### GENERAL

Exclusive use is to be made of service parts as per applicable parts list for type of alternator concerned.

To ensure proper functioning, use must be made of the materials prescribed in these instructions.

Ensure absolute cleanliness when performing repair work.

#### Continue: I10/1

### GENERAL

Tester and object being tested must be at room temperature for all checks performed during repair work.

The stated test values are referenced to a temperature of 20 C.

### Continue: I01/1

#### SAFETY MEASURES

ATTENTION: DANGER OF FIRE

For transmitter and receiver interference suppression purposes, alternators are fitted with capacitors with a long storage time.

When washing out alternator components, immersion in cleaning fluid may result in capacitor discharge and cause flammable liquids to ignite.

Continue: Ill/2

SAFETY MEASURES

For this reason, components with capacitors are only to be washed out using cleaning agents (e.g. HAKU 1025/6) which are not readily flammable.

Continue: Il2/1

### SAFETY MEASURES

Always heed the following safety regulations: \* German Order governing the use of flammable liquids (VbF). \* Accident prevention regulations for electrical systems and equipment. \* Safety regulations for the handling of chlorinated hydrocarbons: ZH 1/222 - For companies: - For employees: ZH 1/129 issued by the German industrial liability insurance associations (central association for accident prevention and industrial medicine), Langwartweg 103, 53129 Bonn.

Continue: Il2/2

#### SAFETY MEASURES

Outside Germany, pay attention to appropriate local regulations.

Skin protection: To avoid skin irritation when handling oil and grease, apply hand cream before starting work and wash cream off when finished with soap and water.

Continue: I01/1

I12

#### TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS Testers, measuring instruments 0 684 201 200 Alternator (WPG 012.00) tester: Interturn short circuit 0 986 619 110 tester: 0 986 619 101 Test prods: 0 986 619 114) (old version Universal measuring 0 984 500 302 instrument MMD 302: or 0 684 101 400 Electrical system (ETE 014.00) tester:

Continue: I13/2

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS

Testers, measuring instruments

 Dial gauge:
 1 687 233 011

 Magnetic measurement
 4 851 601 124

 stand:
 (T-M 1)

Two V-blocks:

#### comm. avail.

Continue: I14/1

A13

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS Tools, fixtures C 986 618 152 Socket wrench: (KDLJ 6030) 0 986 619 396 Disassembly tool: M10 multi-point socket, long version: comm. avail. 0 986 618 162 Support piece and (KDLJ 6044) pressing-in sleeve: comm. avail. Mandrel press:

Continue: I14/2

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS Tools, fixtures comm. avail. Torque wrench: Supporting blocks for 0 986 618 168 (KDLJ 6046) protective cap mount: Two-arm puller: comm. avail. comm. avail. Soldering iron 180 W: High-temperature solder (min. 480 C); comm. avail. Solder cream: comm. avail.

Continue: I01/1

# TEST SPECIFICATIONS Mechanical test specifications Diameter of collector rings 15,6 mm New: 14,9 mm Min.: Max. radial run-out of collector rings: 0,03 mm Max. radial run-out at rctor OD: 0,05 mm Carbon brush projection at regulator 12,5 mm New: 5 mm Min.: Continue: Il5/2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS Electrical test specifications Suppression capacitor: 2,0...2,4 microfarads < 0,1 Ohm Stator resistance: Rotor resistance 1,8...2,8 Ohm (14V version): Rotor resistances (28V version) 8,1...9,9 Ohm NC R 28V 30-65A: NC R 28V 40-90A: 6,8...8,2 Ohm

Continue: I01/1

## TIGHTENING TORQUES

Tightening torques for attachment of 1 = Cover plate: 2,7...3,5 Nm 3,5...4,3 Nm 2 = Rectifier unit: 3 = End shields:4,5...5,5 Nm 1,6...2,3 Nm 4 = Regulator: 0,5...1,2 Nm 5 = Protective cap: 60...70 Nm 6 = Pullev:7 = Free-wheel75...85 Nm pulley: Connection B+: 10 Nm Connection D+: 7,8 Nm

Continue: I01/1 Fig.: I16/2



![](_page_16_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Figure_0.jpeg)

### CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Rectifier unit version 3

1 = Alternator 2 = Regulator

![](_page_18_Figure_3.jpeg)

KME00606

![](_page_18_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Figure_0.jpeg)

A20

![](_page_20_Figure_0.jpeg)

1 = Alternator
2 = Regulator

# Continue: I22/1 Fig.: I21/2

KME00640

![](_page_20_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_0.jpeg)

## ALTERNATOR DISASSEMBLY/CHECKING TABLE

126/1 Disassembling pullev Disassembling protective cap II02/1 II05/1 Disassembling regulator Checking (installed) rectifier unit II07/1 Checking (installed) stator II09/1 II10/1 Disassembling drive end shield II12/1 Disassembling rotor II14/1 Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

#### Continue: I25/2

# ALTERNATOR DISASSEMBLY/CHECKING TABLE Disassembling deep-groove ball II17/1 bearing of collector ring end shield Disassembling rectifier unit II19/1 Disassembling stator II23/1

## Continue: I01/1

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling pulley Remove cap (1) of pulley (2). NOTE: Cap is either pressed in or clipped on.

Clip-on cap can be removed using a suitable tool.

### Continue: I27/1 Fig.: I26/2

![](_page_25_Picture_3.jpeg)

**PISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR** 

Disassembling pulley

Remove cap (1) of pulley (2).

NOTE: Cap is either pressed in or clipped on.

A pressed-in cap can only be removed by piercing it and prising it out.

## Continue: I28/1 Fig.: I27/2

![](_page_26_Picture_6.jpeg)

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling pulley

Attach socket wrench (1) to nut of pulley (2). Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3) and unfasten nut using 22 mm box wrench.

Detach pulley and spring lock washer.

Socket wrench:0986618152M10 multi-point socket,10ng version:comm. avail.

### Continue: II01/1 Fig.: I28/2

![](_page_27_Picture_6.jpeg)

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling pulley (free-wheel pulley)

Insert disassembly tool (1) in grooved toothing of free-wheel pulley (2). Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3), unfasten free-wheel pulley by means of disassembly tool using 17 mm box wrench and detach.

Disassembly tool: 0 986 619 396 Ml0 multi-point socket, long version: comm. avail.

#### Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II01/2

KME00553

![](_page_28_Picture_6.jpeg)

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling protective cap

Unfasten connections B+, D+ and terminal W (if fitted).

Unscrew bolts (arrow) of protective cap.

# Continue: II03/1 Fig.: II02/2

KME00554

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling protective cap Detachment of protective cap involves inserting two supporting blocks (1) in the openings of the protective cap fastener (clips). Bend (2) third clip outwards slightly by hand.

NOTE: Take care not to bend clips too far to avoid breakage.

Supporting blocks: 0 986 618 168

### Continue: II04/1 Fig.: II03/2

![](_page_30_Picture_5.jpeg)

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling protective cap Detach protective cap (1) from collector ring end shield and rectifier unit (2).

# Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II04/2

![](_page_31_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling regulator If necessary, use screwdriver to unclip regulator (1) outwards from rectifier unit (2) and detach. ATTENTION: Take care not to damage carbon brushes when doing so.

# Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II06/2

![](_page_33_Picture_2.jpeg)

DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Checking (installed) rectifier

GENERAL:

- \* Pointer of measuring instrument must be in green band for this test.
- \* Renew entire rectifier if one or more diodes defective.

#### Continue: II07/2

.

# DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

\* To ensure proper functioning of rectifier, alternator is to be checked on test bench or diodes checked individually with rectifier removed.

### Continue: II08/1

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Checking (installed) rectifier unit Check function of rectifier unit when connected to alternator tester. Pay attention to switch setting "ASSEMBLY" on tester. Measurement points between: \* Housing (1) and stator connections (2) \* B+ (3) and stator connections

Alternator tester: 0 684 201 200

Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II08/2

![](_page_35_Picture_2.jpeg)
DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Checking (installed) stator Check resistance between the corresponding winding ends. Pay attention to switch setting on alternator tester. Heed measuring range on tester. Stator resistance: < 0,1 Ohm Alternator tester: 0 684 201 200

### Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II09/2

KME00560



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling drive end shield NOTE: Prior to further disassembly of alternator, mark drive end shield and collector ring end shield to ensure that they are installed in the same position on assembly.

Unfasten and remove four hexagon bolts (arrow).

## Continue: II11/1 Fig.: II10/2

KME00561

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling drive end shield Pull drive end shield (1) with rotor (2) out of collector ring end shield (3). NOTE: If necessary, separate drive end shield and collector ring end shield by tapping carefully with rubber-headed hammer.

#### Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II11/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling rotor Position collector ring end of drive end shield with rotor (1) in support piece (2). Use extraction tool (3) to pull drive end shield off rotor. NOTE: When applying extraction tool, it may be necessary to fit a separate puller arm. Apply puller arms at bearing seat of drive end shield. Take care not to damage fan blades. 0 986 618 162 Support piece: Extraction tool: comm. avail.

#### Continue: II13/1 Fig.: II12/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling rotor Detach spacer ring (1) from drive end shield (2).

# Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II13/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield Unfasten four bolts (1) of drive end shield (2).

# Continue: II15/1 Fig.: II14/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield Detach cover plate (1) from drive end shield (2).

## Continue: II16/1 Fig.: II15/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

Position drive end shield (1) on press and press deep-groove ball bearing with pressing-in sleeve (2) out of drive end shield.

Mandrel press:comm. avail.Pressing-in sleeve:0 986 618 162

#### Continue: I25/1 Fig.: II16/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield

ATTENTION:

So as to avoid breaking collector ring assembly (1), pressing-off mandrel (2) must be applied to rotor shaft and never to actual collector ring assembly.

When pulling off, take care not to damage fan blades (3) and electrical connections (4) by turning claws of extraction tool.

#### Continue: II18/1 Fig.: II17/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield Position drive end of rotor (1) in

support piece (2). Use extraction tool (3) to pull deepgroove ball bearing (4) off rotor shaft.

Support piece: Extraction tool: 0 986 618 162 comm. avail.

#### Continue: I25/2 Fig.: II18/2



# DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling rectifier unit

NOTE:

If checking with oscilloscope reveals that rectifier unit is OK, it is not necessary to separate rectifier unit/ stator.

1

#### Continue: II20/1

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling rectifier unit Remove bolts (1) of rectifier unit (2).

## Continue: II21/1 Fig.: II20/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling rectifier unit Use suitable tool e.g. side-cutting pliers to pinch off all stator wire holders directly beneath clamping point. NOTE:

Second lower clamping point of stator wire holders is used for rectifier unit assembly.

## Continue: II22/1 Fig.: II21/2

KME00570



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling rectifier unit Detach rectifier unit (1) from collector ring end shield (2).

## Continue: I25/2 Fig.: II22/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling stator

Mark position of stator (1) with respect to collector ring end shield (2).

Pull stator out of collector ring end shield.

NOTE: If necessary, separate stator and collector ring end shield by tapping carefully with rubber-headed hammer.

## Continue: I01/1 Fig.: II23/2



#### COMPONENT CLEANING

ATTENTION: DANGER OF FIRE

For transmitter and receiver interference suppression purposes, alternators are fitted with capacitors with a long storage time.

When washing out alternator components, immersion in cleaning fluid may result in capacitor discharge and cause flammable liquids to ignite.

Continue: II24/2

COMPONENT CLEANING

For this reason, components with capacitors are only to be washed out using cleaning agents (e.g. HAKU 1025/6) which are not readily flammable.

#### Continue: II25/1

## COMPONENT CLEANING

Always heed the following safety regulations: \* German Order governing the use of flammable liquids (VbF). \* Accident prevention regulations for electrical systems and equipment. \* Safety regulations for the handling of chlorinated hydrocarbons: - For companies: ZH 1/222 - For employees: ZH 1/129 issued by the German industrial liability insurance associations (central association for accident prevention and industrial medicine), Langwartweg 103, 53129 Bonn.

Continue: II25/2

COMFONENT CLEANING

Outside Germany, pay attention to appropriate local regulations.

Skin protection: To avoid skin irritation when handling oil and grease, apply hand cream before starting work and wash cream off when finished with soap and water.

Continue: I01/1

### ALTERNATOR CHECKING/REPAIR TABLE

Checking regulator and carbon brushes II27/1 Checking (removed) rectifier II28/1 unit Checking interference III02/1 suppression capacitor III04/2 Checking (removed) stator Checking rotor (short to II106/1 ground) Checking rotor (resistance) III08/1 Checking rotor (concentricity) III09/1 Replacing fitting ring in III11/1 collector ring end shield

#### Continue: I01/1

### CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR

Checking regulator and carbon brushes

Check regulator for external damage. Replace regulator/carbon brushes if carbon brushes have broken off or if projection "a" is less than 5 mm. Check freedom of movement of carbon brushes.

Projection of carbon brushes New: 12,5 mm Min.: 5 mm

Continue: II26/1 Fig.: II27/2

KME00164



CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR Checking (removed) rectifier unit

GENERAL:

- \* Checking of the individual diodes must be performed to ensure proper functioning of the rectifier unit.
- \* The diodes are to be checked in both forward and reverse direction.

#### Continue: II28/2

#### CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR

- \* Pointer of measuring instrument must be in green zone when checking in forward direction.
- \* Pointer of measuring instrument must be in red zone when checking in reverse direction.

## Continue: III01/1

CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR

Checking (removed) rectifier

Render measurement points mechanically bright. Heed general notes. Check function of rectifier unit with alternator tester. Pay attention to switch setting "INDIVIDUAL CHECK" on tester. Measurement points between:  $\times$  B+ (1) and diode connections (2) \* Dicde housing and diode connections

Alternator tester: 0 684 201 200

Continue: II26/1 Fig.: III01/2

KME00574



CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR

Checking interference suppression capacitor

Detach terminal lug B- (1) of interference suppression capacitor (2) from rectifier unit.

## Continue: III03/1 Fig.: III02/2



CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR Checking interference suppression capacitor Measure capacitance of capacitor between B+ (1) and terminal lug (2). Renew defective rectifier unit if set value is not attained. Set value: 2,0...2,4 microfarads Electrical system tester: 0 684 101 400

## Continue: III04/1 Fig.: III03/2



#### CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR

Checking interference suppression capacitor

ATTENTION: After checking, short and discharge interference suppression capacitor to prevent ignition of cleaning fluid when cleaning components.

Continue: II26/1

CHECKING AND REPLACING ALTERNATOR

Checking (removed) stator

ATTENTION: Voltages of 80 V are POTENTIALLY FATAL.

When performing this check, it is imperative to ensure proper handling of the stator and all parts in electrical contact with it.

Continue: III05/]

CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR Checking (removed) stator Use test prods (1) to check stator for short to ground between housing (2) and winding ends (3). Replace stator if defective. Test voltage: 80 V AC Interturn short-circuit tester: 0 986 619 110 0 986 619 101

# Continue: II26/1 Fig.: III05/2



#### CHECKING AND REPLACING ALTERNATOR

Checking rotor (short to ground)

ATTENTION: Voltages of 80 V are POTENTIALLY FATAL.

When performing this check, it is imperative to ensure proper handling of the rotor and all parts in electrical contact with it.

## Continue: III07/1

CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR Checking rotor (short to ground) Use interturn short-circuit tester and test prods to check rotor for short to ground between collector ring (1) and rotor OD (2). Test voltage: 80 V AC Interturn short-circuit

0 986 619 110

0 986 619 101

Continue: II26/l Fig.: III07/2



tester:

Test prods:

CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR Checking rotor (resistance) Use alternator tester to measure rotor resistance between collector rings. Observe measuring range on tester. Rotor resistance 1,8...2,8 Ohm (14V version): Rotor resistance (28V version) NC R 28V 30-65A: 8,1...9,9 Ohm 6,8...8,2 Ohm NC R 28V 40-90A: Alternator 0 684 201 200 tester:

## Continue: II26/1 Fig.: III08/2

KME00579



CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR Checking rotor (concentricity) Position mounting points of rotor in V-blocks and perform precise horizontal alignment. Measure concentricity at OD of rotor with magnetic measurement stand and dial gauge. Max. radial run-out at 0,05 mm rotor OD: comm. avail. Two V-blocks: 1 687 233 011 Dial gauge: Magnetic measurement 4 851 601 124 stand:

## Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III09/2



CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR Checking rotor (concentricity) Measure concentricity at collector rings. Max. radial run-out of collector rings: 0,03 mm In the event of greater deviation or worn surface, turn down collector rings or renew rotor. Pay attention to minimum diameter. Min. diameter of collector rings: 14,9 mm

### Continue: II26/1 Fig.: III10/2



CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR

Replacing fitting ring in collector ring end shield

Fitting ring is always to be replaced.

Insert new fitting ring (1) in collector ring end shield (2).

NOTE: In the case of fitting rings with collector ring protection, recess for carbon brushes must be located between the two tapped holes for regulator attachment.

#### Continue: I01/1 Fig.: III11/2

KME00582

#### ALTERNATOR ASSEMBLY TABLE

III13/1 Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield IT115/1 Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield III17/1 Assembling rotor III18/1 Assembling stator Assembling rectifier unit III19/1 Assembling drive end shield III23/1 and collector ring end shield III25/1 Assembling regulator III26/1 Assembling protective cap III28/1 Assembling pulley Fitting connections IV04/1

#### Continue: I01/1

### ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield

Use is always to be made of a new deep-groove ball bearing. Mount drive end of rotor (1) on support piece (2). Centrally align pressing-in sleeve (3) with new deep-groove ball bearing (4).

ATTENTION: Failure to center pressing-in sleeve may result in damage to collector ring assembly.

### Continue: III14/1 Fig.: III13/2



## ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield

Press home deep-groove ball bearing.

Mandrel press: comm. avail. Support piece and pressing-in sleeve: 0 986 618 162

## Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III14/2



#### ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

Use is always to be made of a new deep-groove ball bearing, new bolts and a new cover plate.

Press new deep-groove ball bearing (1) with support piece (2) into drive end shield (3).

Support piece: Mandrel press: 0 986 618 162 comm. avail.

## Continue: III16/1 Fig.: III15/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield Attach cover plate with four bolts (1) to drive end shield (2). Make use of torque wrench. NOTE: Collar of bolt holes of cover plate faces away from deep-groove ball bearing. Tightening torque: 2,7...3,5 Nm Torque wrench: comm. avail.

## Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III16/2


Assembling rotor

Position collector ring end of rotor (1) in support piece (2). Position drive end shield (3) on rotor. Press drive end shield with pressingin sleeve onto rotor. Position spacer ring (4) (small collar facing deep-groove ball bearing, large collar facing pulley) on rotor and press on with pressing-in sleeve (5).

Mandrel press: comm. avail. Support piece and pressing-in sleeve: 0 986 618 162

#### Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III17/2



Assembling stator

Render stator wires mechanically bright.

Position collector ring end shield (1) on stator (2).

Pay attention to mark.

Bend stator wires straight if necessary.

# Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III18/2



Assembling rectifier unit

Bend back detached lug of interference suppression capacitor.

Render retainers mechanically bright.

Position rectifier unit (1) on collector ring end shield (2).

NUTE: Pay attention to proper wire routing through rectifier unit.

## Continue: III20/1 Fig.: III19/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling rectifier unit Tighten bolts (1) using torque wrench. Tightening torque: 3,5...4,3 Nm Torque wrench: comm. avail.

# Continue: III21/1 Fig.: III20/2

KME00589 ·



Assembling rectifier unit

Jam in stator wires (1) by bending over retainers (2) at rectifier unit.

### Continue: III22/1 Fig.: III21/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling rectifier unit Solder stator wires to retainers. ATTENTION: Always use high-temperature solder (min. 480 C) and solder cream. Soldering iron 180 W: comm. avail. Solder cream: comm. avail. High-temperature solder (min. 480 C): comm. avail.

## Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III22/2



Assembling drive end shield and collector ring end shield

Insert rotor together with drive end shield (1) in collector ring end shield (2).

Align marks made prior to alternator disassembly on collector ring end shield and drive end shield.

# Continue: III24/1 Fig.: III23/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling drive end shield and collector ring end shield Fit bolts (arrows) and then tighten using torque wrench.

Tightening torque: 4,5...5,5 Nm

Torque wrench:

comm. avail.

# Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III24/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling regulator Clip in (if necessary) regulator (1) at rectifier unit (2) and secure with bolts (3). Use torque wrench. NOTE: Pay attention to carbon brushes on installation. Tightening torque: 1,6...2,3 Nm Torque wrench: comm. avail.

#### Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III25/2





Assembling protective cap

unit and clip in (arrow).

Position protective cap on rectifier



Assembling protective cap

Attach protective cap with three bolts (arrow). Use torgue wrench.

Tightening torque: 0,5...1,2 Nm

Torque wrench:

comm. avail.

### Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III27/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling pulley Attach socket wrench (1) to nut of pulley (2). Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3) and tighten nut using 22 mm box wrench. Use torque wrench. 60...70 Nm Tightening torque: Torque wrench: comm. avail. Socket wrench: 0 986 618 152 M10 multi-point socket, comm. avail. long version:

# Continue: IV01/1 Fig.: III28/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Assembling pulley (free-wheel pulley) Insert disassembly tool (1) in grooved toothing of free-wheel pulley (2). Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3) and tighten free-wheel pulley by way of disassembly tool using 17 mm box wrench. Use torque wrench. Tightening torque: 75...85 Nm comm. avail. Torque wrench: 0 986 619 396 Disassembly tool: M10 multi-point socket, long version: comm. avail.

#### Continue: IV02/1 Fig.: IV01/2



Assembling pulley

Cap is always 'o be renewed.

Fit clip-on pulley cap.

# Continue: IV03/1 Fig.: IV02/2

Assembling pulley

Cap is always to be renewed.

Fit press-in pulley cap.

### Continue: III12/1 Fig.: IV03/2



ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR Fitting connections Attach connections B+, D+ and terminal W (if fitted). Use torque wrench. Tightening torques Connection B+: Connection D+: Torque wrench: LO Nm 7,8 Nm

## Continue: I01/1

### EDITORIAL NOTE

Copyright 1999 ROBERT BOSCH GmbH Automotive-Equipment After-Sales Service Technical Publications Department KH/VDT, Postfach 30 02 20, D-70422 Stuttgart

Published by: After-Sales Service Department for Training and Technology (KH/VSK). Time of going to press 02.1999. Please direct questions and comments concerning the contents to our authorized representative in your country.

#### Continue: IV05/2

#### EDITORIAL NOTE

The contents of this microcard are intended only for the Bosch Franchised After-Sales Organization, Passing on to third parties is not permitted.

Microfilmed in the Federal Republic of Germany.

#### Continue: I01/1